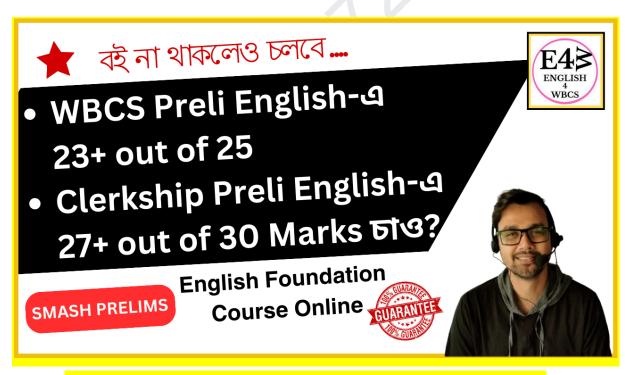


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1) 'To turn a deaf ear to' refers to
a) Pass by b) Pick at
c) Pass away
d) Put about
Ans: a) pass by 'Turn a deaf ear' means 'declining to listen' And 'Pass by' means 'Ignore'
2) We should begin our work without delay [Which among the following is the best alternative of the word 'BEGIN']
a) Set aside
b) Stand for
c) Turn on
d) Set about
Ans: d) Set about=begin
3) Insert the nearest group verb
How can he without money?
a) Get by
b) Fall to c) Get along
d) Fall for
Ans: c) Get along = manage to do
4) How did you come that scratch on your cheek?

A) About

- B) across
- C) by
- D) on

Ans: c) come by:- get

5) Shall one ever forget those happy days? [change the voice]

- a. will those happy days be ever forgotten by us?
- b. shall these happy days be never forgotten?
- c. would those happy days been ever forgotten?
- d. will those happy days ever be forgotten?

Ans: :d) will those happy days ever be forgotten? (not 'by us)

6) He said, "how much money do you need?" (make indirect)

- a. he asked that how much money do I need
- b. he said how much money did you need
- c. he asked how much money I will need
- d. he asked how much money you needed

Ans: d he asked how much money you needed. [don't put linker 'that']

7) Did you want a little sip of drink? (change the voice)

- a. do you want a little sip of drink?
- b. you wanted a little sip of drink
- c. was a little sip of drink wanted by you?
- d. are you want a little sip of drink?

ans: c) was a little sip of drink wanted by you?

8) FIND INCORRECT SENTENCE

- a. if I were a bird, I would fly in the sky
- b. if I was a god, I would change all the rules
- c. if I had been there, I would have changed all the rules
- d. all are incorrect

Ans: b) if I was a god, I would change all the rules

9) We aren't buying books (Choose the correct form of Voice)

- a) Books aren't being brought by us
- b) Books aren't bought by us
- c) Books aren't being bought by us
- d) Books aren't being brought by us

Ans: c) Books aren't being bought by us.

10) He said to me, "May I use your pen?" (correct transformation)

- a. he said to me that I shall use your pen?
- b. he asked me if I used your pen
- c. he asked me whether he should use your pen?
- d. he asked me whether he might use my pen.

ans: d) he asked me whether he might use my pen

11) Which among the following Directive Principles of State Policy was not added by the 42nd Amendment Act 1976?

- a) To prohibit the slaughter of Cows (Article 48)
- b) To Secure opportunities for the healthy development of Children (Article 39)
- c) To protect and improve the environment and to safeguard forests and wildlife (Article-48A)

d) To promote equal justice and to provide free legal aid to the poor (Article-39A)

Ans: a) To prohibit the slaughter of Cows (Article-48).

NEW DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES

The 42nd Amendment Act of 1976 added four new Directive Principles to the original list. They require the State:

- 1. To secure opportunities for the healthy development of children (Article 39).
- 2. To promote equal justice and to provide free legal aid to the poor (Article 39 A).
- 3. To secure workers' participation in the management of industries (Article 43 A).
- 4. Protect and improve the environment and safeguard forests and wildlife (Article 48 A).

12) The 'Directive Principles of State Policy are enumerated in

- a) Part III of the Indian Constitution
- b) Part IV of the Indian Constitution
- c) Part V of the Indian Constitution
- d) Part VI of the Indian Constitution

Ans: b) Part IV

The Directive Principles of State Policy are enumerated in Part IV of the Constitution from Articles 36 to 51'. The framers of the Constitution borrowed this idea from the Irish Constitution of 1937, which had copied it from the Spanish Constitution. Dr BR Ambedkar described these principles as 'novel features' of the Indian Constitution. The Directive Principles along with the Fundamental Rights contain the philosophy of the Constitution and is the soul of the Constitution. Granville Austin has described the Directive Principles and

Fundamental Rights as the 'Conscience of the Constitution.

13) Which among the following is not an element of the Basic Structure of the Indian Constitution?

- a) Effective access to justice
- b) Judicial reviews
- c) Article 226 & 32
- d) None of the above

Ans: d) None of the above

From the various judgments, the following have emerged as 'basic features' of the Constitution or elements/components/ingredients of the 'basic structure' of the Constitution:

- 1. Supremacy of the Constitution
- 2. Sovereign, democratic, and republican nature of the Indian polity
- 3. Secular character of the Constitution
- 4. Separation of powers between the legislature, the executive and the judiciary
- 5. Federal character of the Constitution 6. Unity and integrity of the nation 7. Welfare state (socio-economic justice) 8. Judicial review
- 9. Freedom and dignity of the individual 10. Parliamentary system
- 11. Rule of law
- 12. Harmony and balance between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles
- 13. Principle of equality
- 14. Free and fair elections
- 15. Independence of Judiciary
- 16. Limited power of Parliament to amend the Constitution
- 17. Effective access to justice
- 18. Principles (or essence) underlying fundamental rights.
- 19. Powers of the Supreme Court under Articles 32, 136, 141 and 1426
- 20. Powers of the High Courts under Articles 226 and 227.

14) Fundamental Duties in the Indian constitution are inspired by the Constitution of

- b) USSR
- c) Government of India Act 1935
- d) UK

Ans: USSR

15) Fundamental Duties are enumerated in the Indian constitution in Part

- a) IV
- b) V
- c) IVA
- d) IVB

Ans: c) IVA

16) Which among the following is not amended by the Simple Majority of Parliament?

- a) SC & HC
- b) UT
- c) Administration of scheduled areas and scheduled tribes
- d) Sixth Schedule

Ans: a) Supreme Court and High Court

17) Which among the following Articles of the Indian Constitution deals with the powers of Parliament to amend the constitution and its procedure?

- a) 365
- b) 368
- c) 226
- d) 256

Ans: b) Article 368 in Part XX

18. Fundamental Rights uphold

- a. Equality of all individuals
- b. The dignity of all individuals
- c. Larger public interest & unity of nation
- d. All of the above

Ans: d [all of the above] The Fundamental Rights are guaranteed by the Constitution to all persons without any discrimination. They uphold the equality of all individuals, the dignity of the individuals, the larger public interest, and the unity of the Nation.

19. Under Article 14, 'legal Persons' refers to

- a. Statutory corporation
- b. Registered societies
- c. Both
- d. Neither

Ans: c [both] Article 14 says that the state shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India. This provision confers rights on all persons whether citizens or foreigners. Moreover, the word 'person' includes legal persons, viz, statutory corporations, companies, registered societies, or any other type of legal person

20. The concept of 'equality before the law' is

- a. American origin
- b. India origin
- c. British origin
- d. GOI Act 1935 origin

Ans: c [British Origin] Remember: 'equality before the law' is of British origin 'equal protection of law' is of American origin

21. Simon Commission landed in Bombay in

- a) December 1927
- b) February 1927
- c) February 1928
- d) March 1928

Ans: c) The Simon Commission landed in Bombay on February 3rd, 1928.

22. Lala Lajpat Rai died on

- a) October 1928
- b) November 1928
- c) December 1928
- d) January 1929

Ans: b) 17th November 1928

23. Which one of the following statements is correct

- a) Simon Commission proposed the abolition of dyarchy
- b) Delhi Proposals of Muslim leaders were not accepted by the Congress
- c) Both
- d) Neither

Ans: a) Simon Commission proposed the abolition of dyarchy

24. The book 'The Philosophy of the Bomb' was written by

- a) Bhagat Singh
- b) Bismil

- c) B. Vohra
- d) C. Azad

Ans: c) Bhagwaticharan Vohra

25. The movement of Mahars was organized under the leadership of Ambedkar in the state of

- a. Gujrat
- b. UP
- c. MP
- d. Maharashtra

Ans: d) Maharashtra

26. The Communist Party of India was formed in

- a) 1923
- b) 1912
- c) 1921
- d) 1920

Ans: d) in Tashkent Uzbekistan by MN Roy, Abani Mukherjee

27. AITUC was founded in

- a) 1923
- b) 1920
- c) 1919
- d) None

Ans: b) 1920. Lala Lajpat Rai was its first president and Dewan Chawan Lal its general secretary

28. Who among the following Indian leaders hold the president post while in jail

- a) Hakim Ajmal Khan
- b) C.R Das
- c) Gandhiji
- d) None

Ans: b) C.R Das.

29. The first hunger strike was undertaken by Gandhiji in

- a) Gujrat
- b) Bihar
- c) UP
- d) Delhi

Ans: a) Ahmedabad in Gujarat in 1918 (Ahmedabad Mill Strike)

30. Independence for India League was set up by

- a. Rash Bihari Bose
- b. S. Chandra Bose
- c. M. K Gandhi
- d. C. R Das

Ans: b) Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and J. L Nehru